



Tumbleweed Email Firewall Remote Stack Overflow

04-July-2006

Summary

Tumbleweed's Email Firewall (EMF) blocks spam and viruses, phishing and email fraud, and keeps hackers from compromising your network. To ensure compliance with government and industry regulations like HIPAA, GLBA, Sarbanes-Oxley and Safe Harbor (EU), MailGate Email Firewall provides sophisticated filtering, monitoring, encryption and reporting capabilities. According to product literature, Tumbleweed is used by: over 150 healthcare providers, the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security, all four branches of the US Military, state and local governments internationally, 8 of the top 10 US banks, 4 of the top 5 Canadian banks, and 6 of the top 10 European banks.

Tumbleweed's EMF Decomposer, a component that decompresses incoming e-mail attachments, has three separate vulnerabilities within its LHA processing routines. The first issue causes the LHA processing engine to exhibit a stack-buffer overflow while processing extended-header filenames. The second issue is a stack overflow while processing LHA extended-header directory names. The third issue is a buffer overflow during a sprintf call while processing long filenames contained in an LHA archive.

Impact

These vulnerabilities are present by default in Tumbleweed's Email Firewall. To exploit these vulnerabilities, an attacker only needs to send an e-mail to an organization running Tumbleweed; it is not necessary that the e-mail is opened. Successful exploitation of these vulnerabilities results in remote code execution with the full privileges of the MMSDecompose process. The default settings allow an attacker to obtain super-user access to the machine. Since these vulnerabilities are stack based overflows, exploits can be made to work reliably.

Affected software

Tumbleweed Email Firewall (All Versions)

Credit

These vulnerabilities were researched by Ryan Smith.

Contact

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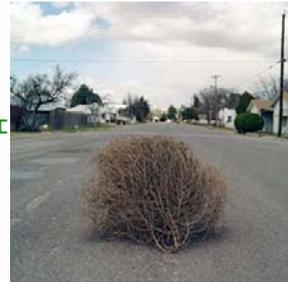
Details

In the following code segment, the program reads a word-sized value from the file: the LHA extended-header size. If the LHA header level is equal-to 1 then the program will read in more data to a buffer. Next, depending on the value of the extended-header-type byte, the program branches to an area of code that handles the specific type or a generic handler if it's an unrecognized type.

```

019024B8 DIGEST_EXTENDED_HEADERS:                ; CODE XREF: [
019024B8                                     ; DecomposeLZF
019024B8 call     GetWORD
019024B8 movzx   esi, ax
019024C0 test    esi, esi
019024C2 jz      loc_1902653
019024C8 cmp     [ebx+LzHdr.level], 2
019024CC jz      short loc_19024FD
019024CE lea    eax, [esp+141Ch]
019024D0 sub    eax, glb_CurrFileDataPtr
019024D2 cmp    eax, esi
019024D4 jl     diss1
019024D6 push   edi                ; FILE *
019024D8 mov    eax, glb_CurrFileDataPtr
019024DA push   esi                ; size_t
019024DC push   1                  ; size_t
019024DE push   eax                ; void*
019024E0 call   _fread
019024E2 add    esp, 10h
019024E4 cmp    eax, esi
019024E6 jb     diss1
019024E8                                     ; CODE XREF: [
loc_19024FD:                                ; DecomposeLZF
019024E8 mov    ecx, glb_CurrFileDataPtr
019024EA xor    eax, eax
019024EC inc    glb_CurrFileDataPtr
019024EE mov    al, [ecx]
019024F0 cmp    eax, 54h
019024F2 ja     short ext_unknown
019024F4 xor    ecx, ecx
019024F6 mov    cl, ds:byte_190281C[eax]
019024F8 jmp    ds:extended_hdr_switch[ecx*4]

```



If the extended-header-type byte is equal to 0x01, then the following code parses the data for the header. The size allocated for this buffer is equal-to 0x100 bytes, but there is no length restriction. Thus, an attacker can supply a value greater-than 0x100 in an archive file to cause a buffer-overflow.

```

01902537 ext_filename_hdr:                ; CODE XREF: [
01902537                                     ; DATA XREF: [
01902537 movzx   edx, edx
01902539 lea    ecx, [esi-3]
0190253B test   ecx, ecx
0190253D jle    short loc_1902556
0190253F                                     ; CODE XREF: [
loc_1902540:                                ; DATA XREF: [
01902540 mov    eax, glb_CurrFileDataPtr
01902542 inc    edx
01902544 mov    al, [eax]
01902546 mov    [edx+ebx+13h], al
01902548 inc    glb_CurrFileDataPtr
0190254A cmp    edx, ecx
0190254C jl     short loc_1902540
0190254E                                     ; CODE XREF: [
loc_1902556:                                ; DATA XREF: [
01902556 mov    byte ptr [ebx+esi+11h], 0
01902558 jmp    DIGEST_EXTENDED_HEADERS

```



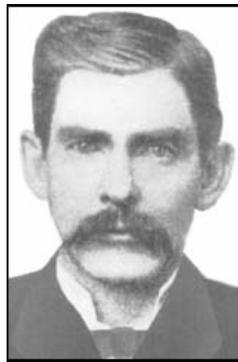


Remediation

The code should be modified such that there is a standard maximum length of a path. If the path exceeds the maximum length, then the file should be rejected, or the path truncated.

Though Tumbleweed won't release a patch, they officially recommend the following actions:

- Stopping the EMF services
- Removing or renaming the wlha32.dll file, found in the EMF install directory.
- Restarting the EMF services



Timeline of Events

04-July-2006 – Advisory draft

11-July-2006 – Vendor notification

24-July-2006 – Vendor released customer notification and the workaround



Attributions

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(<http://www.wikipedia.org>)

Image of the tumbleweed along a road was photographed by AV Smith, from the Galveston Arts Center. (<http://www.galvestonartscenter.org>)

Code and cross-reference screenshots captured using IDA

(<http://www.datarescue.com>).

Flawed code and marketing information obtained from Tumbleweed

(<http://www.tumbleweed.com>).

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